



General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 606

February Session, 2008

* _____SB00606JUD____032408_____*

**AN ACT MAKING MINOR, TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING CHANGES
TO CERTAIN STATUTES CONCERNING CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LAW
AND PROCEDURE.**

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsection (d) of section 26-61 of the general statutes is
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
3 *passage*):

4 (d) Any person who procures any permit, license or registration to
5 which he is not entitled or engages in fishing, hunting or trapping
6 during the period when his permit, license or registration is voided or
7 suspended shall be fined not less than one hundred [nor] dollars or
8 more than two hundred dollars and all fishing, hunting or trapping
9 permits, licenses or registrations issued to such person shall be
10 suspended for an indefinite period. Any person who procures any
11 permit, license or registration to which [he] such person is not entitled
12 or engages in fishing, hunting or trapping during the period when
13 such permit, license or registration and the privilege to obtain such a
14 permit, license or registration are suspended for an indefinite period
15 shall be fined not [less] more than two hundred dollars or be
16 imprisoned not more than sixty days or be both fined and imprisoned,
17 and, for a [further] subsequent violation in case of such indefinite
18 suspension, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars [nor] or
19 more than five hundred dollars or be imprisoned [for] not more than

20 one year or be both fined and imprisoned.

21 Sec. 2. Subsection (b) of section 46b-15 of the 2008 supplement to the
22 general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
23 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

24 (b) The application form shall allow the applicant, at the applicant's
25 option, to indicate whether the respondent holds a permit to carry a
26 pistol or revolver or possesses one or more firearms. The application
27 shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath which includes
28 a brief statement of the conditions from which relief is sought. Upon
29 receipt of the application the court shall order that a hearing on the
30 application be held not later than fourteen days from the date of the
31 order. The court, in its discretion, may make such orders as it deems
32 appropriate for the protection of the applicant and such dependent
33 children or other persons as the court sees fit. Such order may include
34 temporary child custody or visitation rights and such relief may
35 include but is not limited to an order enjoining the respondent from (1)
36 imposing any restraint upon the person or liberty of the applicant; (2)
37 threatening, harassing, assaulting, molesting, sexually assaulting or
38 attacking the applicant; or (3) entering the family dwelling or the
39 dwelling of the applicant. [The court, in its discretion, may make such
40 orders as it deems appropriate for the protection of] Such order may
41 include provisions necessary to protect any animal owned or kept by
42 the applicant including, but not limited to, an order enjoining the
43 respondent from injuring or threatening to injure such animal. If an
44 applicant alleges an immediate and present physical danger to the
45 applicant, the court may issue an ex parte order granting such relief as
46 it deems appropriate. If a postponement of a hearing on the
47 application is requested by either party and granted, the order shall
48 not be continued except upon agreement of the parties or by order of
49 the court for good cause shown.

50 Sec. 3. Subsection (d) of section 46b-38b of the 2008 supplement to
51 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
52 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

53 (d) It shall be the responsibility of the peace officer at the scene of a
54 family violence incident to provide immediate assistance to the victim.
55 Such assistance shall include, but not be limited to: (1) Assisting the
56 victim to obtain medical treatment if such treatment is required; (2)
57 notifying the victim of the right to file an affidavit [or] for a warrant for
58 arrest; and (3) informing the victim of services available and referring
59 the victim to the Office of Victim Services. In cases where the officer
60 has determined that no cause exists for an arrest, assistance shall
61 include: (A) Assistance as provided in subdivisions (1) to (3), inclusive,
62 of this subsection; and (B) remaining at the scene for a reasonable time
63 until, in the reasonable judgment of the officer, the likelihood of
64 further imminent violence has been eliminated.

65 Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 46b-86 of the general statutes is
66 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
67 *passage*):

68 (a) Unless and to the extent that the decree precludes modification,
69 [the court may order either party to maintain life insurance for the
70 other party or a minor child of the parties or] any final order for the
71 periodic payment of permanent alimony or support, [or] an order for
72 alimony or support pendente lite or an order requiring either party to
73 maintain life insurance for the other party or a minor child of the
74 parties may, at any time thereafter, be continued, set aside, altered or
75 modified by [said] the court upon a showing of a substantial change in
76 the circumstances of either party or upon a showing that the final
77 order for child support substantially deviates from the child support
78 guidelines established pursuant to section 46b-215a, unless there was a
79 specific finding on the record that the application of the guidelines
80 would be inequitable or inappropriate. There shall be a rebuttable
81 presumption that any deviation of less than fifteen per cent from the
82 child support guidelines is not substantial and any deviation of fifteen
83 per cent or more from the guidelines is substantial. Modification may
84 be made of such support order without regard to whether the order
85 was issued before, on or after May 9, 1991. In determining whether to
86 modify a child support order based on a substantial deviation from

87 such child support guidelines the court shall consider the division of
88 real and personal property between the parties set forth in the final
89 decree and the benefits accruing to the child as the result of such
90 division. After the date of judgment, modification of any child support
91 order issued before on or after July 1, 1990, may be made upon a
92 showing of such substantial change of circumstances, whether or not
93 such change of circumstances was contemplated at the time of
94 dissolution. By written agreement, stipulation or [by] decision of the
95 court, those items or circumstances that were contemplated and are
96 not to be changed may be specified in the written agreement,
97 stipulation or decision of the court. This section shall not apply to
98 assignments under section 46b-81 or to any assignment of the estate or
99 a portion thereof of one party to the other party under prior law. No
100 order for periodic payment of permanent alimony or support may be
101 subject to retroactive modification, except that the court may order
102 modification with respect to any period during which there is a
103 pending motion for modification of an alimony or support order from
104 the date of service of notice of such pending motion upon the opposing
105 party pursuant to section 52-50.

106 Sec. 5. Section 49-9a of the general statutes is repealed and the
107 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

108 (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, a release of
109 mortgage executed by any person other than an individual that is
110 invalid because it is not issued or executed by, or fails to appear in the
111 name of the record holder of the mortgage on one, two, three or four-
112 family residential real property located in [the state of Connecticut]
113 this state including, but not limited to, a residential unit in any
114 common interest community, as defined in section 47-202, shall be as
115 valid as if it had been issued or executed by, or appeared in the name
116 of the record holder of [such] the mortgage unless an action
117 challenging the validity of the release is commenced and a notice of lis
118 pendens is recorded in the land records of the town where the release
119 is recorded within five years after the release is recorded, provided an
120 affidavit is recorded in the land records of the town where the

121 mortgage was recorded which states the following:

122 (1) The affiant has been the record owner of the real property
123 described in the mortgage for at least two years prior to the date of the
124 affidavit;

125 (2) The recording information for the mortgage, any [assignments]
126 assignment of the mortgage and the release;

127 (3) Since the date of the recording of the release, the affiant has
128 received no demand for payment of all or any portion of the debt
129 secured by [said] the mortgage and has received no notice or
130 communication that would indicate that all or any portion of the
131 mortgage debt remains due [or] and owing; and

132 (4) To the best of the affiant's knowledge and belief, the mortgage
133 debt has been paid in full.

134 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall not apply to
135 any release obtained by forgery or fraud.

136 Sec. 6. Subsection (b) of section 51-164n of the 2008 supplement to
137 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
138 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

139 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any
140 person who is alleged to have committed (1) a violation under the
141 provisions of section 1-9, 1-10, 1-11, 4b-13, 7-13, 7-14, 7-35, 7-41, 7-83, 7-
142 283, 7-325, 7-393, 8-25 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 8-
143 27, 9-63, 9-296 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 9-305, 9-
144 322, 9-350, 10-193, 10-197, 10-198, 10-230, 10-251, 10-254, 12-52, 12-
145 170aa, 12-292, or 12-326g of the 2008 supplement to the general
146 statutes, subdivision (4) of section 12-408, subdivision (3), (5) or (6) of
147 section 12-411, section 12-435c, 12-476a, 12-476b, 12-487, 13a-71, 13a-
148 107, 13a-113, 13a-114, 13a-115, 13a-117b, 13a-123, 13a-124, 13a-139, 13a-
149 140, 13a-143b, 13a-247 or 13a-253, subsection (f) of section 13b-42,
150 section 13b-90, 13b-221, 13b-292, 13b-336, 13b-337, 13b-338, 13b-410a,

151 13b-410b or 13b-410c, subsection (a), (b) or (c) of section 13b-412,
 152 section 13b-414, subsection (d) of section 14-12, section 14-20a or 14-
 153 27a, subsection (e) of section 14-34a, subsection (d) of section 14-35,
 154 section 14-43, 14-49 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 14-
 155 50a or 14-58, subsection (b) of section 14-66 of the 2008 supplement to
 156 the general statutes, section 14-66a, 14-66b or 14-67a, subsection (g) of
 157 section 14-80, subsection (f) of section 14-80h, section 14-97a, 14-100b,
 158 14-103a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 14-106a, 14-
 159 106c, 14-146, 14-152, 14-153 or 14-163b, a first violation as specified in
 160 subsection (f) of section 14-164i, section 14-219 as specified in
 161 subsection (e) of said section, subdivision (1) of section 14-223a, section
 162 14-240, 14-249, 14-250 or 14-253a of the 2008 supplement to the general
 163 statutes, subsection (a) of section 14-261a of the 2008 supplement to the
 164 general statutes, section 14-262, 14-264, 14-267a of the 2008 supplement
 165 to the general statutes, 14-269, 14-270, 14-275a, 14-278 or 14-279,
 166 subsection (e) of section 14-283, section 14-291, 14-293b, 14-296aa, 14-
 167 319, 14-320, 14-321, 14-325a, 14-326, 14-330 or 14-332a, subdivision (1),
 168 (2) or (3) of section 14-386a, section 15-33, subsection (a) of section 15-
 169 115, section 16-256, 16-256e, 16a-15 of the 2008 supplement to the
 170 general statutes or 16a-22, subsection (a) or (b) of section 16a-22h,
 171 section 17a-24, 17a-145 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes,
 172 17a-149, 17a-152, 17a-465, 17a-642, 17b-124, 17b-131, 17b-137 of the
 173 2008 supplement to the general statutes or 17b-734, subsection (b) of
 174 section 17b-736, section 19a-30, 19a-33, 19a-39 or 19a-87, subsection (b)
 175 of section 19a-87a, section 19a-91 of the 2008 supplement to the general
 176 statutes, 19a-105, 19a-107, 19a-215, 19a-219, 19a-222, 19a-224, 19a-286,
 177 19a-287, 19a-297, 19a-301, 19a-309, 19a-335, 19a-336, 19a-338, 19a-339,
 178 19a-340, 19a-425, 19a-502, 20-7a, 20-14, 20-158, 20-231, 20-257, 20-265 or
 179 20-324e, [subsection (a) of section 20-341,] section 20-341l, 20-597, 20-
 180 608, 20-610, 21-30, 21-38, 21-39, 21-43, 21-47, 21-48, 21-63, 21-76a, 21a-
 181 21, 21a-25 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 21a-26 or 21a-
 182 30, subsection (a) of section 21a-37, section 21a-46, 21a-61, 21a-63 or
 183 21a-77 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, subsection (b) of
 184 section 21a-79, section 21a-85, 21a-154, 21a-159, 22-13, 22-14, 22-15, 22-
 185 16, 22-29, 22-34, 22-35, 22-36, 22-38, 22-39, 22-39a, 22-39b, 22-39c, 22-

186 39d, 22-39e, 22-49, 22-54, 22-61, 22-89, 22-90, 22-98, 22-99, 22-100, 22-
 187 111o, 22-279, 22-280a, 22-318a, 22-320h, 22-324a, 22-326 or 22-342,
 188 subsection (b) or (e) of section 22-344, section 22-359, 22-366, 22-391 of
 189 the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 22-413 of the 2008
 190 supplement to the general statutes, 22-414 of the 2008 supplement to
 191 the general statutes, 22-415 of the 2008 supplement to the general
 192 statutes, 22a-66a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes or 22a-
 193 246, subsection (a) of section 22a-250, subsection (e) of section 22a-
 194 256h, subsection (a) of section 22a-381d, section 22a-449 of the 2008
 195 supplement to the general statutes, 22a-461, 23-37, 23-38, 23-46 of the
 196 2008 supplement to the general statutes or 23-61b, subsection (a) or (b)
 197 of section 23-65, section 25-37, 25-40, 26-19, 26-21, 26-31, 26-40, 26-40a,
 198 26-49, 26-54, 26-59, 26-61, as amended by this act, 26-64, 26-79, 26-89,
 199 26-97 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 26-107, 26-117, 26-
 200 128, 26-131, 26-132, 26-138, 26-141, 26-207, 26-215, 26-224a, 26-227, 26-
 201 230, 26-294, 28-13 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 29-6a,
 202 29-109, 29-143o, 29-143z, 29-161y, 29-161z, 29-198, 29-210 of the 2008
 203 supplement to the general statutes, 29-243, 29-277, 29-316, 29-318, 29-
 204 341 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 29-381, 30-48a, 30-
 205 86a, 31-3, 31-10, 31-11, 31-12 of the 2008 supplement to the general
 206 statutes, 31-13 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 31-14, 31-
 207 15, 31-16, 31-18, 31-23, 31-24, 31-25, 31-28, 31-32, 31-36, 31-38, 31-38a,
 208 31-40, 31-44, 31-47, 31-48, 31-51, 31-51k, 31-52, 31-52a or 31-54,
 209 subsection (a) or (c) of section 31-69, section 31-70, 31-74, 31-75, 31-76,
 210 31-76a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 31-89b or 31-134,
 211 subsection (i) of section 31-273, section 31-288 of the 2008 supplement
 212 to the general statutes, 36a-787, 42-230, 45a-450, 45a-634 or 45a-658,
 213 subdivision (13) or (14) of section 46a-54, section 46a-59, 46b-22 of the
 214 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 46b-24 of the 2008 supplement
 215 to the general statutes, 46b-34, 46b-38dd of the 2008 supplement to the
 216 general statutes, 46b-38gg of the 2008 supplement to the general
 217 statutes, 46b-38kk, 47-34a, 47-47, 49-8a, 49-16 or 53-133, subsection (a)
 218 or (b) of section 53-211, or section 53-212a, 53-249a, 53-252, 53-264, 53-
 219 302a, 53-303e, 53-311a, 53-321, 53-322, 53-323, 53-331, 53-344 or 53-450,
 220 or (2) a violation under the provisions of chapter 268, or (3) a violation

221 of any regulation adopted in accordance with the provisions of section
222 12-484, 12-487 or 13b-410, or (4) a violation of any ordinance,
223 regulation or bylaw of any town, city or borough, except violations of
224 building codes and the health code, for which the penalty exceeds
225 ninety dollars but does not exceed two hundred fifty dollars, unless
226 such town, city or borough has established a payment and hearing
227 procedure for such violation pursuant to section 7-152c, shall follow
228 the procedures set forth in this section.

229 Sec. 7. Section 52-225a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes
230 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
231 *from passage*):

232 (a) In any civil action, whether in tort or in contract, wherein the
233 claimant seeks to recover damages resulting from (1) personal injury or
234 wrongful death occurring on or after October 1, 1987, or (2) personal
235 injury or wrongful death, arising out of the rendition of professional
236 services by a health care provider, occurring on or after October 1,
237 1985, and prior to October 1, 1986, if the action was filed on or after
238 October 1, 1987, and wherein liability is admitted or is determined by
239 the trier of fact and damages are awarded to compensate the claimant,
240 the court shall reduce the amount of such award which represents
241 economic damages, as defined in subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of
242 section 52-572h, by an amount equal to the total of amounts
243 determined to have been paid under subsection (b) of this section less
244 the total of amounts determined to have been paid, contributed or
245 forfeited under subsection (c) of this section, except that there shall be
246 no reduction for (A) a collateral source for which a right of subrogation
247 exists, and (B) the amount of collateral sources equal to the reduction
248 in the claimant's economic damages attributable to the claimant's
249 percentage of negligence pursuant to section 52-572h.

250 (b) Upon a finding of liability and an awarding of damages by the
251 trier of fact and before the court enters judgment, the court shall
252 receive evidence from the claimant and other appropriate persons
253 concerning the total amount of collateral sources which have been paid

254 for the benefit of the claimant as of the date the court enters judgment.

255 (c) The court shall receive evidence from the claimant and any other
256 appropriate person concerning any amount which has been paid,
257 contributed [,] or forfeited, as of the date the court enters judgment, by,
258 or on behalf of, the claimant or members of his immediate family to
259 secure his right to any collateral source benefit which he has received
260 as a result of such injury or death.

261 Sec. 8. Subsection (b) of section 53-289c of the 2008 supplement to
262 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
263 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

264 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) of this section do not apply to a
265 ticket reseller who: (1) Resells a ticket for not greater than the face
266 value printed on the ticket; or (2) maintains a permanent office within
267 one thousand five hundred feet of the physical structure where the
268 entertainment event is scheduled to take place provided such reseller
269 sells, offers to resell or solicits the resale of a ticket only within the
270 premises of such office in person [,] or by mail, telephone or [over] the
271 Internet.

272 Sec. 9. Section 53a-35a of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes
273 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*
274 *from passage*):

275 For any felony committed on or after July 1, 1981, the sentence of
276 imprisonment shall be a definite sentence and, unless the section of the
277 general statutes that defines the crime specifically provides otherwise,
278 the term shall be fixed by the court as follows: (1) For a capital felony, a
279 term of life imprisonment without the possibility of release unless a
280 sentence of death is imposed in accordance with section 53a-46a; (2) for
281 the class A felony of murder, a term not less than twenty-five years nor
282 more than life; (3) for the class A felony of aggravated sexual assault of
283 a minor under section 53a-70c of the 2008 supplement to the general
284 statutes, a term not less than twenty-five years or more than fifty years;
285 (4) for a class A felony other than an offense specified in subdivision

286 (2) or (3) of this section, a term not less than ten years nor more than
287 twenty-five years; (5) for the class B felony of manslaughter in the first
288 degree with a firearm under section 53a-55a of the 2008 supplement to
289 the general statutes, a term not less than five years nor more than forty
290 years; (6) for a class B felony other than manslaughter in the first
291 degree with a firearm under section 53a-55a of the 2008 supplement to
292 the general statutes, a term not less than one year nor more than
293 twenty years; [except that for a conviction under section 53a-59(a)(1),
294 53a-59a, 53a-70a, 53a-94a, 53a-101(a)(1) or 53a-134(a)(2), the term shall
295 be not less than five years nor more than twenty years;] (7) for a class C
296 felony, a term not less than one year nor more than ten years; [except
297 that for a conviction under section 53a-56a, the term shall be not less
298 than three years nor more than ten years;] (8) for a class D felony, a
299 term not less than one year nor more than five years; [except that for a
300 conviction under section 53a-60b or 53a-217, the term shall be not less
301 than two years nor more than five years, for a conviction under section
302 53a-60c, the term shall be not less than three years nor more than five
303 years, and for a conviction under section 53a-216, the term shall be five
304 years;] and (9) for an unclassified felony, a term in accordance with the
305 sentence specified in the section of the general statutes that defines the
306 crime.

307 Sec. 10. Section 53a-36 of the general statutes is repealed and the
308 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

309 A sentence of imprisonment for a misdemeanor shall be a definite
310 sentence and, unless the section of the general statutes that defines the
311 crime specifically provides otherwise, the term shall be fixed by the
312 court as follows: (1) For a class A misdemeanor, a term not to exceed
313 one year; [except that when a person is found guilty under section 53a-
314 61(a)(3) or 53a-61a, the term shall be one year and such sentence shall
315 not be suspended or reduced;] (2) for a class B misdemeanor, a term
316 not to exceed six months; (3) for a class C misdemeanor, a term not to
317 exceed three months; and (4) for an unclassified misdemeanor, a term
318 in accordance with the sentence specified in the section of the general
319 statutes that defines the crime.

320 Sec. 11. Section 53a-40b of the general statutes is repealed and the
321 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

322 A person convicted of an offense committed while released
323 pursuant to sections 54-63a to 54-63g, inclusive, or sections 54-64a to
324 54-64c, inclusive, other than a violation of section 53a-222 of the 2008
325 supplement to the general statutes or section 53a-222a of the 2008
326 supplement to the general statutes, may be sentenced, in addition to
327 the sentence prescribed for the offense to (1) a term of imprisonment of
328 not more than ten years if the offense is a felony, or (2) a term of
329 imprisonment of not more than one year if the offense is a
330 misdemeanor.

331 Sec. 12. Subsection (a) of section 53a-192a of the general statutes is
332 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
333 *passage*):

334 (a) A person is guilty of trafficking in persons when such person
335 commits coercion as provided in section 53a-192 and the other person
336 is compelled or induced to (1) engage in conduct that constitutes a
337 violation of section 53a-82, or (2) [work] provide labor or services.

338 Sec. 13. Section 54-86m of the 2008 supplement to the general
339 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
340 (*Effective from passage*):

341 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 54-86a, in any criminal
342 proceeding, any property or material that constitutes child
343 pornography shall remain in the care, custody and control of the state,
344 and a court shall deny any request by the defendant to copy,
345 photograph, duplicate or otherwise reproduce any property or
346 material that constitutes child pornography [so long as] provided the
347 attorney for the state makes the property or material reasonably
348 available to the defendant. Such property or material shall be deemed
349 to be reasonably available to the defendant if the attorney for the state
350 provides the defendant, the defendant's attorney or any individual the
351 defendant may seek to qualify to furnish expert testimony at trial,

ample opportunity for inspection, viewing [.] and examination of the property or material at a state facility or at another facility agreed upon by the attorney for the state and the defendant. For the purposes of this section, "child pornography" [shall have] has the same meaning as in section 53a-193.

Sec. 14. Subsection (a) of section 54-125a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) A person convicted of one or more crimes who is incarcerated on or after October 1, 1990, who received a definite sentence or aggregate sentence of more than two years, and who has been confined under such sentence or sentences for not less than one-half of the aggregate sentence or one-half of the most recent sentence imposed by the court, whichever is greater, may be allowed to go at large on parole in the discretion of the panel of the Board of Pardons and Paroles for the institution in which the person is confined, if (1) it appears from all available information, including any reports from the Commissioner of Correction that the panel may require, that there is reasonable probability that such inmate will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, and (2) such release is not incompatible with the welfare of society. At the discretion of the panel, and under the terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the panel including requiring the parolee to submit personal reports, the parolee shall be allowed to return to the parolee's home or to reside in a residential community center, or to go elsewhere. The parolee shall, while on parole, remain under the jurisdiction of the board until the expiration of the maximum term or terms for which the parolee was sentenced. Any parolee released on the condition that the parolee reside in a residential community center may be required to contribute to the cost incidental to such residence. Each order of parole shall fix the limits of the parolee's residence, which may be changed in the discretion of the board and the Commissioner of Correction. Within three weeks after the commitment of each person sentenced to more than [one year] two years, the state's attorney for the judicial district shall send to the

386 Board of Pardons and Paroles the record, if any, of such person.

387 Sec. 15. Subdivision (4) of section 54-201 of the general statutes is
388 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
389 *passage*):

390 (4) ["Relative of any person"] "Relative" means [the] a person's
391 spouse, parent, grandparent, stepparent, child, including a natural
392 born child, [step] stepchild and adopted child, grandchild, brother,
393 sister, half brother [,] or half sister or [spouse's] the parents of a
394 person's spouse.

395 Sec. 16. Subsection (a) of section 54-260b of the 2008 supplement to
396 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
397 thereof (*Effective from passage*):

398 (a) For the purposes of this section:

399 (1) "Basic subscriber information" means: (A) Name, (B) address, (C)
400 age or date of birth, (D) electronic mail address, instant message
401 address or other similar Internet communication identifier, and (E)
402 subscriber number or identity, including any assigned Internet
403 protocol address;

404 (2) "Electronic communication" means "electronic communication"
405 as defined in 18 USC 2510, as amended from time to time;

406 (3) "Electronic communication service" means "electronic
407 communication service" as defined in 18 USC 2510, as amended from
408 time to time;

409 (4) "Registrant" means a person required to register under section
410 54-251 of the 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 54-252 of the
411 2008 supplement to the general statutes, 54-253 of the 2008 supplement
412 to the general statutes or 54-254 of the 2008 supplement to the general
413 statutes; and

414 (5) "Remote computing service" means "remote computing service"

415 as defined in section 18 USC 2711, as amended from time to time, [;
416 and

417 (6) "Wire communication" means "wire communication" as defined
418 in 18 USC 2510, as amended from time to time.]

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>from passage</i>	26-61(d)
Sec. 2	<i>from passage</i>	46b-15(b)
Sec. 3	<i>from passage</i>	46b-38b(d)
Sec. 4	<i>from passage</i>	46b-86(a)
Sec. 5	<i>from passage</i>	49-9a
Sec. 6	<i>from passage</i>	51-164n(b)
Sec. 7	<i>from passage</i>	52-225a
Sec. 8	<i>from passage</i>	53-289c(b)
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	53a-35a
Sec. 10	<i>from passage</i>	53a-36
Sec. 11	<i>from passage</i>	53a-40b
Sec. 12	<i>from passage</i>	53a-192a(a)
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	54-86m
Sec. 14	<i>from passage</i>	54-125a(a)
Sec. 15	<i>from passage</i>	54-201(4)
Sec. 16	<i>from passage</i>	54-260b(a)

JUD *Joint Favorable Subst.*